

GUSSAK, V.B.

Using humic and polymer preparations on Sierozems for soil structure improvement and erosion control. Pochvovedenie no.8:42-53 Ag '61. (MIRA 14:11)

1. Institut pochvovedeniya, Tashkent.
(Sierozem soils)
(Soil conditioners)

GUSSAK, V.B.

E.D. Rozhdestvenskii's book "Physical and technological properties of the loess soils of Uzbekistan". Reviewed by V.B.Gussak. Izv. AN Uz.SSR Ser.tekh.nauk no.5:82-86 '61.
(MIRA 14:11)

1. Institut pochvovedeniya Ministerstva sel'skogo khozyaystva UzSSR.

(Uzbekistan—Loess)
(Rozhdestvenskii, E.D.)

GUSSAK, V.B.; PAGANYAS, K.P.

Some results of four years old experiments on the aggregation
of irrigated typical Chernozem soils. Pochvovedenie no.5:
73-83 My '64. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Institut pochvovedeniya, Tashkent.

YAKHONTOV, Vsevolod Dmitriyevich; GUSSAKOVSKAYA, O.N., red.

[Following the Cherskii trail wildlife stories] Tropoiu
Cherskogo; rasskazy o prirode. Magadan, Magadanskoe
knizhnoe izd-vo, 1965. 77 p. (MIRA 18:10)

IVLEV, Fedor Dmitriyevich; GUSSAKOVSKAYA, O.N., red.; FEDOROVA, V.V.,
tekhn. red.

[What milkmaids have to say; based on the materials of the
First Provincial Conference of Milkmaids, March 7-8, 1960.
in Magadan] Rasskazyvaiut doiarki; po materialam Pervogo ob-
lastnogo soveshchaniia doiarov, prokhodivshogo 7-8 marta 1960
goda v g. Magadane. Magadan, Magadanskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1960.
(Magadan Province—Dairying) (MIRA 14:12)

VRONSKIY, Boris Ivanovich; GYSSAKOVSKAYA, O.N., red.; FEDOROVA, V.V.,
tekhn. red.

[Along the paths of the taiga; memoirs of a geologist] Po
taezhnym tropam; zapiski geologa. Magadan, Magadanskoe
knizhnoe izd-vo, 1960. 123 p. (MIRA 15:2)
(Taigas)

KANDROR, Iosif Solomonovich, prof., doktor biolog.nauk; KHLYPALOV, M.P.,
spetsred.; GELLERSHTEYN, V.I., red.; GUSSAKOVSKAYA, O.N., red.;
FEDOROVA, V.V., tekhn.red.

[Man in the Far North] Chelovek na Severe. Magadan, Magadanskoe
knizhnoe izd-vo, 1960. 55 p. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Institut obshchey i kommunal'noy gigiyeny AN SSSR (for Kandror).
(RUSSIA, NORTHERN--MAN--INFLUENCE OF CLIMATE)

TIKHOMIROV, Boris Anatol'yevich; PIVNIK, Sarra Abramovna;
GUSSAKOVSKAYA, O.N., red.; FEDOROVA, V.V., tekhn. red.

[Pinus pumila; biology and utilization]Kedrovyi stlanik;
biologiya i ispol'zovanie. Magadan, Magadanskoe knizhnoe
izd-vo, 1961. 35 p. (MIRA 15:8)

(Pine)

SAVREY, Vladlen Sergeyevich; SHEPELEV, Igor' Timofeyevich; GUSSAKOVSKAYA,
O.N., red.; FEDOROVA, V.V., tekhn. red.

[Automatic control in the mining industry] Avtomatika v gornoi pro-
myshlennosti. Magadan, Magadanskoe khizhnoe izd-vo, 1961. 92 p.
(MIRA 14:9)

(Magadan Province—Mining engineering—Equipment and supplies)
(Automatic control)

GROMOV, Leonid Vasil'yevich; GUSSAKOVSKAYA, O.N., red.; FEDOROVA, V.V.,
tekhn. red.

[Wrangel Island; popular science study] Ostrov Vrangelia; nauchno-
populiarnyi ocherk. Magadan, Magadanskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1961.
94 p. (MIRA 14:11)

(Wrangel Island--Discovery and exploration)

(Wrangel Island--Economic geography)

MAZANOV, Boris Igant'evich, (MAGADAN), L.S., pod.

[Metals tell their story] Metally rasskazyvayut o sebe.
Magadar, Magadanskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1962. 303 p.
(MIRA 1749)

POTAPENKO, Vladimir Vasil'yevich; LUBIY, Konstantin Ivanovich;
GUSSAKOVSKAYA, O.E., red.

[Improving the underground mining of sands] Sovershen-
stvovanie podzemnoi dobychi peskov. Magadan, Magadanskoe
knizhnoe izd-vo, 1964. 99 p. (MIRA 17:10)

GUSSAKOVSKIY, V.V.

A new species of the genus *Phylloetema* fall. found in Georgia (Hymenoptera, Tenthredinidae). Soob. AN Gruz, SSR 8 no.3:179-181 '47. (MIRA 9:7)

1. Akademiya nauk Gruzinskoy SSR, Zoologicheskiy institut, Tbilisi.
Predstavleno deystvitel'nyy chlenom Akademii F.A. Zaytsevy
(Georgia--Sawflies)

GUSSAKOVSKIY, V.V.

New and little known species of Psammodontidae and Sphecidae
(Hymenoptera) of western Tajikistan. Trudy Zool.inst. 10:199-288
'52. (MLRA 7:4)
(Tajikistan--Hymenoptera) (Hymenoptera--Tajikistan)

22253
R/008/60/000/005/014/014
A231/A126

16.5000

AUTHOR: Gussef, L., (Bulgarian People's Republic)
TITLE: On some geometric properties of the principal inertia axes
PERIODICAL: Studii și Cercetări de Mecanică Aplicată, no. 5, 1960, 1303 - 1309

TEXT: According to a mechanical theorem, the central principal inertia axis of a plane figure is its principal inertia axis for each of its points. The present paper treats the problem of relative principal inertia axes at the poles which do not belong to one of the central principal inertia axes. The corollary forms a simple geometrical method for their construction. (F) is a certain plane figure with an Oet center of gravity, single central principal inertia axes ox, oy, indicated in such a way that $I_x > I_y$; I_x and I_y indicating the inertia moments of (F) in relation to these axes. The system of elliptic coordinates $E(\mu, \nu)$ into which the XOY orthogonal system is transformed by the equation

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2 + \mu} - \frac{y^2}{b^2 + \mu} - 1 = 0 \quad (\mu \neq -a^2, \mu \neq -b^2) \quad (1)$$

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is called the system of inertia coordinates E_I for (F) , if

$$a^2 = \frac{I_x}{F}; \quad b^2 = \frac{I_y}{F}, \quad (a^2 > b^2),$$

in which F is the area of the figure (F) . The curves passing through the $M(x, y)$ point determined by (1) are called coordinate curves of inertia of (F) . Two curves, an ellipse and a hyperbola, having the same focuses $C_1(0, -\sqrt{a^2 - b^2})$, and $C_2(0, +\sqrt{a^2 - b^2})$ independent from M are passing through each pole. Thus, the system E is orthogonal (Fig. 1). C_1 and C_2 characteristic for the figure (F) are called inertia forces. The following theorem has been established: The directions of the coordinate curves of inertia, by passing through a given pole, are the directions of the principal inertia axes of the relative figure at the considered pole. $M(x, y)$ is an arbitrary pole in which $x \neq 0, y \neq 0$. The inertia moments and the centrifugal moment in relation to the MX and MY orthogonal axes (Fig. 1) have the values expressed by

$$I_{xuv} = xyF \neq 0, \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{cases} I_{ux} = I_x + y^2F = F(a^2 + y^2), \\ I_{uv} = I_y + x^2F = F(b^2 + x^2). \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

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In equation

$$\psi(x, y) \equiv (a^2 + \mu)(b^2 + \mu) - x^2(b^2 + \mu) - y^2(a^2 + \mu) = 0, \quad (7)$$

the values for $x \neq 0$ ($y=0$) can be immediately found. On the basis of initial suppositions it is found that $\mu \neq -a^2$ and $\mu \neq -b^2$, so that the equation (7) can be transformed to the equation

$$\operatorname{tg}(\varphi + q_1 \pi) = \frac{a^2 + \mu}{b^2 + \mu} \cdot \frac{y}{x} \quad (q_1 = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots) \quad (9)$$

which determines the direction of the principal axes of inertia. By knowing the real numbers μ_x and μ_y of every M pole, the author obtains for I_x the equation

$$I_x = F(\tau^2 - \mu_{x,y}). \quad (10)$$

By an intermediate expression the XOY system is transformed into a system of inertia coordinates. The coordinate curves of inertia passing through

M (μ_x, μ_y) are given by

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2 + \mu_x} + \frac{y^2}{b^2 + \mu_x} - 1 = 0 \rightarrow \frac{x^2}{\alpha_x^2} - \frac{y^2}{\beta_x^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2 + \mu_y} + \frac{y^2}{b^2 + \mu_y} - 1 = 0 \rightarrow \frac{x^2}{\alpha_y^2} + \frac{y^2}{\beta_y^2} = 1 \quad (11)$$

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The directions of the coordinate curves in M are determined by $\varphi = \varepsilon + \frac{\pi}{2}$ if $k = 0$ and $\varphi = \varepsilon$; $\varphi = \varepsilon + \frac{\pi}{2}$, if the system E is orthogonal. Thus, the direction ε of the elliptic coordinate curves determines the direction of the principal axes of inertia of (F) in relation to which the inertia moment is the largest, and the direction $\varepsilon + \frac{\pi}{2}$ of the hyperbolic coordinate curves determines the direction of the principal axes of inertia of (F) , at a ratio by which the inertia moment is smallest. The author then establishes two corollaries: corollary no. 1: with $C_1M = r_1$ and $C_2M = r_2$, in which C_1 and C_2 are inertia focuses of (F) , he deduces an equation, which shows that the geometric locus of the poles represents Cassini's curve, having as focuses the C_1 and C_2 inertia focuses. Thus, every figure has poles at which all axes are principal which can be considered as inertia focuses of the figure. These poles are single; corollary no. 2: with $M(x, y)$, considered to be a pole with the coordinates $y = 0, x = 0$. The coordinate curves of inertia passing through M will be: $x = 0$ and $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$. For the E system the Oy -axis is a limit element of the coordinate curves of the M poles $(x=0, y=0)$. Thus, for every pole, the $M(x=\pm a^2-b^2, y=0)$ parts of the OX axis are limit elements of the coordinate curves in the E systems.

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By adding to the coordinate curves of inertia their limit elements and the OX, OY axes, it can be seen that all suppositions are correct, also for the poles of the principal central axes of inertia, with the exception of the C_1 and C_2 focuses, whose coordinate curves of inertia generally are non-determinable. According to corollary no. 1, however, it is possible to determine the relative principal axes of inertia at C_1 and C_2 in such a way, that the conclusions would be correct also for these poles. The OX axis and the straight line passing through the focus and being parallel to the OY axis, are considered to be the relative principal axes of (F). If $I_x = I_y$ ($a^2 = b^2$, $C_1 = C_2 = 0$), one obtains a special case in which the XOY cartesian coordinate system is transformed into a polar system. There are 2 figures and 2 non-Soviet-bloc references.

SUBMITTED: December 16, 1959

Card 5/6

UMNOVA, M.A.; PRIVALOVA, L.I.; GUSSEYNOV, Ch.S.; TSFPA, L.S.

Immunological activity in patients with Werlhof's diseases.

Probl. gemat. i perel. krovi 8 no.12:25-27 D '63.

(MIRA 17:9)

1. Iz TSentral'nogo ordena Lenina instituta gematologii i
prelivaniya krovi (dir.- dotsent A.Ye. Kiselev).

GUSSE, G.

"Convex functions and Orlicz spaces" by M.A. Krasnoselskii,
A. B. Rutickii. Reviewed by G. Gussi. Rev math pures
7 no. 4:724-725 '62.

GUSSI, G.

"Mathematics methods for the physical sciences" by L.
Schwartz. Reviewed by G. Gussi. Rev math pures 7
no. 4:725-726 '62.

GUSSEI, G.

"Qualitative theory of differential equations" by V.V.
Nemytskii, V.V. Stepanov. Reviewed by G. Gussi. Rev
math pures 8 no. 2:330 '63.

Russi, George

Poias, Ciprian; Russi, George; and Poenaru, Valentin.
Sur le δ -separateur pour les équations différentielles
linéaires du second ordre. *Ann. E. P. Rouine. Bur.*
St. Sci. Ser. A. 7 (1982), no. 121. (Romanian
Russian and French summaries)

1-317

Let y be a solution of a linear, homogeneous differential
equation $y'' + A(x)y = 0$ with coefficients and let r_1, r_2 be two real
roots of $y(x)$. De La Vallée Poussin has shown [J. Math.
Pures Appl. (9) 8 (1929), 125-144] that there exists a
constant h , depending only on the coefficients of the
differential equation, such that $|r_1 - r_2| < h$ implies
 $y(x) = 0$. The author studies the particular case of the
second order differential equation $y'' + A(x)y = 0$, with
 $A(x)$ a continuous function. He indicates an algorithm
for the computation of h with any desired accuracy. The
method consists in proving first that h is a continuous
functional with respect to $A(x)$. This permits one to
approximate $A(x)$ uniformly over the closed interval
 $[a, b]$, by its sequence of Bernstein polynomials and to
approximate two independent solutions also by poly-
nomials of two sequences, $P_n(x)$ and $Q_n(x)$. For a given h ,
the least distance between consecutive zeros of $y(x) =$
 $C_1 P_n(x) + C_2 Q_n(x)$ is the common root h of

$$\frac{P_k(x+h)}{Q_k(x+h)} = \frac{P_k(x)}{Q_k(x)}$$

and of

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left\{ \frac{P_k(x+h)}{Q_k(x+h)} \right\} = \frac{d}{dx} \left\{ \frac{P_k(x)}{Q_k(x)} \right\}.$$

FOIAS, CIRRIAD; Gussi, George

Eliminating x , one obtains an equation in h ; its smallest root r such that the root x of $y(x)$ and $x+r$ both belong to (a, b) is then taken as the approximation h_e of h . A very detailed investigation is made, in order to ascertain that the value h_e so obtained satisfies $|h - h_e| < \epsilon$, with any preassigned $\epsilon > 0$. It is asserted (following Joukowski) that if $A(x)$ is periodic, of period ω , the solutions of the differential equation stay bounded at infinity, provided that $\omega < h$.

E. Grosswald (Philadelphia, Pa.).

2

GUSSI, G.

SUBJECT USSR/MATHEMATICS/Differential equations CARD 1/3 PG - 727
 AUTHOR GUSSI G., POENARN V., FOJAŠ K.
 TITLE The direct method for the treatment of the Cauchy problem for
 quasilinear hyperbolic equations of two independent variables.
 PERIODICAL Doklady Akad.Nauk 112, 381-382 (1957)
 reviewed 5/1957

The Cauchy problem for the equation

$$(1) \quad \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = f(x, y, u, \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial u}{\partial y})$$

is reduced to the Cauchy problem for the equation

$$(2) \quad \tilde{\square} u = f(x, y, u, \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial u}{\partial y})$$

by introduction of Bögel's hyperbolic operator

$$\tilde{\square} u = \lim_{h, k \rightarrow 0} \frac{u(x+h+k, y+h-k) - u(x+h, y+h) - u(x+k, y-k) + u(x, y)}{hk}$$

A solution of (2) is sought which satisfies the conditions

Doklady Akad. Nauk 112, 381-382 (1957)

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$$u(x,0) = \varphi(x) ; \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(u - \frac{\varphi(x+y) + \varphi(x-y)}{2} \right) \Big|_{y=0} = \psi(x) .$$

Here φ and ψ belong to the class of functions C^0 if f does not depend explicitly on $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$, $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$ while otherwise φ belongs to the class of functions C^1 .

Let the function $\omega(z)$ be of the type 0 if $\int_0^{\eta > 0} \frac{dz}{\omega(z)} = \infty$ and of the type W if $\int_{\eta > 0}^{\infty} \frac{dz}{\omega(z)} = \infty$.

Theorem 1: If f is continuous and

$$|f(x,y,u,v,w) - f(x,y,u,v',w')| \leq K(y) \omega(|v-v'| + |w-w'|)$$

where $K(y)$ is summable and $\omega(z)$ is of the type 0, then there exists a solution of the Cauchy problem for (2).

Theorem 2: If $|f(x,y,u,v,w) - f(x,y,u',v',w')| \leq K(y) \omega(|u-u'| + |v-v'| + |w-w'|)$, $K(y)$ is summable and $\omega(z)$ is of the type 0, then there exists at most one solution.

Doklady Akad. Nauk 112, 381-382 (1957)

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Theorem 3: If the conditions of the theorems 1 and 2 are satisfied, then the Cauchy problem is correct.

Theorem 4: If beside of the conditions of theorem 3 the initial values for all x are defined and $|f(x, y, u, v, w)| \leq K_1(y) \omega_1(|u| + |v| + |w|)$, where $K_1(y)$ is summable on every finite interval and $\omega_1(z)$ belongs to the type W , then the solution can be continued in the whole plane.

Theorem 5: If beside of the conditions of theorem 4 the function K_1 is summable on the whole axis, the initial values are uniformly bounded and

$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |\psi(\xi)| d\xi < +\infty$, then the solution is bounded in the whole plane.

Theorem 6: If the conditions of theorem 4 are valid and K is summable on the whole axis, then the solution is stable in the sense of Ljapunov.

GUESI, G.; FOIAS, C.; POENARU, V.

On th generalized solutions of certain linear and quasilinear equations in the Banach space. In French. p. 283.

REVUE DE MATHÉMATIQUES PURES ET APPLIQUÉES. JOURNAL OF PURE AND APPLIED MATHEMATICS. (Academia Republicii Populare Romine) Bucuresti. Rumania. Vol. 3, no. 2, 1958.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC Vol. 9, no. 1, January 1960.
UNCL

20-119-5-11/59

AUTHOR: Foyash, Ch., ~~Gussl, G.~~, Poyenaru, V.

TITLE: Generalized Solutions of a Quasilinear Differential Equation in the Banach Space (Obobshchennyye resheniya kvasilineynogo differentsial'nogo uravneniya v banakhovom prostranstve)

PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademii Nauk^{SSSR}, 1958, Vol 119, Nr 5, pp 884-887 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: In the Banach space X the differential equations

$$(1) \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = A(t)x$$

and

$$(2) \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = A(t)x + f(t,x)$$

are considered, where $A(t)$ are linear closed operators with regions of definition being dense in X. The authors investigate the existence and uniqueness of the solution of the Cauchy problem (in the generalized sense) for (1) and (2) respectively. According to the assumptions for $A(t)$ and $f(t,x)$ different assertions are obtained. The results partially overlap with the results of Kato [Ref 1] and Krasnosel'skiy [Ref 5,8,9]. There are 10 references, 6 of which are Soviet, 2 Japanese, 1 American, 1 German.

Card 1/2

, Generalized Solutions of a Quasilinear Differential Equation in the Banach Space 20-119-5-11/59

PRESENTED: November 26, 1957, by S.L.Sobolev, Academician

SUBMITTED: October 7, 1957

Card 2/2

FOIAS, C.; GUSSI, G. (Bucarest)

The Cauchy problem for systems of partial derivation equations
with dependent coefficients of time. Bull math Rum 4 no.1:
39-44'60.

GUSSE, G.

"Ordinary differential equations" by Friedhelm Erwe. Reviewed by G.
Gussi. Rev math pures 8 no.4:714 '63.

GUSSE, G.

"Studies in mathematical analysis and related topics; essays in honor of George Polya.", Edited by Gabor Szego and others.
Rev math Roum 9 no.4:377-378 '64

GUSSON, Boris Borisovich

Results of testing cotton varieties at state testing stations in the Turkmen S.S.R. from 1947 to 1954] Svodnye resul'taty sorto-ispytaniia khlopchatnika po gossortouchastkam Turkmeniskoi SSR za 1947-1954 godu. Ashkhabad, Akademiia nauk Turkmeniskoi SSR. 1956. 64 p. (MIRA 10:11)
(Turkmenistan--Cotton--Varieties)

GUSOV, V. V.

"From the History of Transcendental Functions in Russia and the USSR." Sub 7 Mar
51, Sci Res Inst of Mechanics and Mathematics, Moscow Order of Lenin State U ineni
M. V. Lomonosov

Dissertations presented for science and engineering degrees in Moscow during 1951.

SO: Sum. No. 480, 9 May 55

Cand., Physico-mathematical Sci.

BAKHMUTSKAYA, E.Ya. (Khar'kov); PRUDNIKOV, V.Ye. (Moscow); ROSSINSKIY, S.D. (Moscow); DEPMAN, I.Ya. (Leningrad); SHOSTAK, R.Ya. (Moscow); FIKHTENGOL'TS, G.M. (Leningrad); SPASSKIY, I.G. (Leningrad); GUSOV, V.V. (Vladivostok); RYBKIN, G.F., redaktor; YUSHKEVICH, A.P., redaktor.

[Historical studies in mathematics. Vol. 5] Istoriko-matematicheskie issledovaniia. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo tekhniko-teoreticheskoi lit-ry, 1952. 472 p. Vol. 5. (MLHA 6:5)

1. Moscow. Universitet. Seminar po istorii matematiki. (Mathematics) (Osipovskii, Timofei Fedorovich, 1765-1832) (Peterson, Karl Mikhailovich, 1828-1881) (Letnikov, Aleksei Vasil'evich, 1837-1888)

GUSISOV, V.V.

Development of the theory of cylindrical functions in Russia and
the U.S.S.R. Ist.-mat.issl. no.6:355-475 '53. (MIRA 7:9)
(Bessel's functions)

GUST, Cristian, ingo; SAAL, Carol, ingo.

Urban transportation of persons in the town of Brasov, Rumania.
Rev transport 10 no.2:65-75 F '63.

GUST, Christian; SAAL, Carol (Brasov), lector

Utilization of semiconductor rectifiers in electrified urban transports. Electrotehnica 11 no.10:369-375 0'63.

1. Inginer proiectant principal la Directia de sistematizare, arhitectura si proiectare a construtiilor, Brasov (for Gust). 2. Institutul Politehnic, Brasov (for Saal).

GUST, C., ing.; SAAL, C., ing.

Designing the modernization of urban passenger transportation;
aspects of the city of Brasov. Rev transport 9 no. 6:260-269
Je '62.

GUSTAB, Erik

Economic evaluation and control of the performance of
technical development plans. Podnik organizace 17 no.3:
105-108 Mr '63.

1. Ministerstvo vseobecneho strojirenstvi.

GUSTAB, Erik

Economic analysis of the new technology of large-scale production.
Podn org 18 no.7:306-308 J1 '64.

1. Ministry of General Mechanical Engineering.

STREDA, A.; WEISZER, L.; GUSTAFIK, St.

Asymmetrical incidence and the size of syndesmophytes in spondylarthritidis ankylopoietica of the thoracic spine. Cesk. rentgenol. 16 no.3: 190-194 Je '62.

1. Vyzkumny ustav chorob revmatickych v Praze, reditel prof. dr.
F. Lenoch Cs. st. kupele, Trencianske Teplice, riaditel L. Spiska.
(SPONDYLITIS ANKYLOSING radiog)

GUSTAFIK, S.; WEISZER, L.

Electrodermatography during balneotherapy. Fysiat. vestn. 43 no.5:
268-274 S '65.

1. Cs. statne kupele v Trencianskych Tepliciach (riaditel MUDr.
L. Spiska).

GUSTAIN'S'Y, A.N.; NEMNOV, S.A.

L_m-absorption spectra of antimony and K-absorption spectra
of phosphorus in $Al_{1-x}In_xV$ type binary semiconducting compounds.
Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. fiz. 28 no. 5:922-933 My '64. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Institut fiziki metallov AN SSSR.

Isovaleric acid. R. G. G. and B. S. (Priv. Co. Zargh, Yugoslavia) Ser. 24, 11-13 (1954) (English summary).—Sodium hydroxide (930 ml. 23% soln.), 4 g. K_2MnO_4 and 4 g. $CuSO_4 \cdot 5H_2O$ stirred together and cooled to 6°, 100 g. of $iso-AmOH$ is added simultaneously with passage of Cl_2 , keeping the soln. violet at all times and the temp. between 10 and 15° and the mixt. alk. The MnO_2 filtered off, and the filtrate acidified with 30% H_2SO_4 and extracted 4 times with $CHCl_3$ to give 81% of 93% pure isovaleric acid. Werner Jacobson.

GUSTAK, E.

[Some 4-(hydroxymethyl)oxazoles, E. Gustak (Mava Pharmaceuticals, Zagreb, Yugoslavia). ~~Pharmazie~~ 1952 (English summary).—A no. of 4,5-disubstituted (substituents = R and R', resp.) derivs. of 2-methyloxazole (I) were prepd. α -Acetamido- β -hydroxypropiophenone (II) (4 g.) in 30 ml. Ac_2O and 15 ml. conc. H_2SO_4 left standing overnight, heated 0.5 hr., poured on ice, neutralized with NH_3 , and extrd. with ether to give I (R = H, R' = AcOCH_3) (III) 33%, colorless oil, b_p 170–5°. III (0.47 g.) boiled 3 hr. with 5 ml. 3N H_2SO_4 , cooled, and neutralized with NH_3 to give 100% I (R = Et, R' = HOCH_3) (IV), white crystals, sol. in H_2O -EtOH and C_6H_6 , m. 123.5–4°. p -Nitro- α -acetamido- β -hydroxypropionophenone (0.5 g.) in 3 ml. Ac_2O and 1.5 ml. concd. H_2SO_4 was heated 2 min., poured on ice, neutralized with NH_3 , gave 83.5% I (R = $p\text{-O}_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_4$, R' = AcOCH_3) (V), sol. in H_2O -EtOH, EtOAc, silty, yellow needles, m. 140.5–41°. II (1.5 g.), 12 ml. Ac_2O , and 6 ml. concd. H_2SO_4 left standing overnight, then 1.8 ml. concd. HNO_3 added, gave 76% V. V (0.35 g.) refluxed 2 hrs. with 3N H_2SO_4 gave 81% I (R = $p\text{-O}_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_4$, R' = HOCH_3) (VI), sol. in AcOEt, m. 190.5°. p -Nitro- α -acetamidacetophenone (0.44 g.) was boiled with 3 ml. Ac_2O and 1.5 ml. concd. H_2SO_4 , 2 min., cooled, mixed with 20 ml. H_2O , neutralized with NH_3 , gave 100% I (R = $p\text{-O}_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_4$, R' = H) (VII), sol. in EtOH- H_2O , EtOAc, yellow needles, m. 162.5°. 2-Methyl-5-phenyloxazole (0.2 g.) nitrated with 15 ml. concd. H_2SO_4 and 2 ml. concd. HNO_3 , below 5°, then mixed with ice and NH_3 , gave 91% VII. Werner Jacobson]

GUSTAK, E

✓ Synthesis of 2,3'-oxydi-*o*-phenylenebisoxime. E. Gustak and A. Markovna-Pomik (Pilsen, Czech Republic). *Chem. Zvesti* 27, 125-30 (1953) (in Russian).—Anhyd. SnCl_4 (50 g.) in 200 ml. Et_2O acid. with HCl treated with 8 g. $\text{O}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{R}-4)$ (I) (R = NC) in 20 ml. CHCl_3 , kept overnight, the liquid decanted, and the ppt. boiled 10-15 min. with 100 ml. 5% HCl, the dark oil which sepd. extd. with three 50-ml. portions of CHCl_3 , and the ext. washed 3 times with H_2O , then with NaHCO_3 soln., dried, and evapd. left 4.5 g. I (R = CHO) (Ia), m. 54-6°; analytical sample, m. 55-6° (from C_6H_6 -petr. ether 2:1); dioxime, m. 158° (from C_6H_6); bis(2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazones), m. 240-2° (from PhNO_2). Ia (2.9 g.), 4.8 g. $\text{BzNHCH}_2\text{CO}_2\text{H}$, 2.2 g. NaOAc , and 20 ml. Ac_2O heated 15 min. on a H_2O bath, cooled, 50 ml. H_2O added, the mixt. kept 1 hr., and the crystals filtered off and washed with H_2O , EtOH , and Et_2O yielded 4.8 g.

E. Guštak...

crude I (R = CH₃C(O)O.CPh.N) (II), m. 251-5°; analytical sample, m. 265-6° (decomp.) (from C₆H₆). II (1.4 g.), refluxed with 0.22 g. NaOH in 15 ml. 70% EtOH, neutralized with 5% HCl, and cooled yielded 1.4 g. I [R = CH₃C(O)O.CPh.NHBr] (III), m. 243°; analytical sample, m. 250-1° (from H₂O-EtOH 1:3). II (2 g.) in 150 ml. anhyd. EtOH and 10 ml. concd. H₂SO₄ refluxed 50 min., 80 ml. EtOH distd. off, the residue poured into 500 ml. H₂O, the mixt. extd. with four 100-ml. portions of Et₂O, and the exts. dried and evapd. left 1.6 g. I [R = CH₃C(O)O.CPh.NHBr] (IV), m. 145-50°; analytical sample, m. 153-4.5° (from C₆H₆-Et₂O). IV (0.75 g.), 4.65 ml. III (d. 1.7), and 1 g. red P refluxed 1.5 hrs., filtered hot, the filtrate evapd. *in vacuo*, addn. of 10 cc. H₂O and evapn. *in vacuo* repeated 3 times, the residue dissolved in 20 ml. H₂O, extd. with Et₂O, filtered, and boiled, neutralized with hot NaOAc soln., cooled, and the crystals filtered off and washed with H₂O, EtOH, and Et₂O, gave 0.2 g. I [R = CH₃CH(CO₂H).NH₂] (V), did not melt up to 300° and gave a pos. ninhydrin test. V was prepd. also by a similar treatment of II or III

with a yield of 59.5% and 54.5%, resp. V.3HCl, decomp. 300° (from EtOH-Et₂O, 2:1); di-Bz deriv. of V, m. 232-3° (from EtOH).
E. Guštak

2/
2

RM

GUSTAK, Gyula, dr.

Surgery of uterine cervix cancer. ~~Magy.~~ noorv. lap. 19 no.2:117-121
Mar. 56

1. A medgyesi Szuleszeti es Hogyogyszati Egyesitett Korhaz
(Romania)

(CERVIX, UTERINE, neoplasms
surg., statist. of 50 cases (Hun))

GUSTAK, M.

137-58-1-2056

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 1, p 278 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Gustak, Miroslav

TITLE: The Significance of Radiodefektoscopy in Crane Building
(Znachenie radiodefektoskopii v kranostroyenii)

PERIODICAL: Chekhosl. tyazh. prom-st', 1957, Nr 2, pp 40-45

ABSTRACT: The use of γ -defectoscopy in crane building makes it possible to effect economies, to improve dependability in operation, and to reduce structural weight by more efficient utilization of the properties of the metal. The most practicable method of inspection of welded joints in cranes is irradiation by γ rays employing the isotopes Ir^{192} and Cs^{137} . An example of inspection of the frame of a crane truck is presented.

G. N.

1. Cranes—Construction 2. Radiodefektoscopy—Applications

Card 1/1

CLUSTAN-MASEK, I.

1. S. Kozlovskiy, et al. of some barbituric acid derivatives
: Kozlov, V. Hahn, Z. Kozlovskiy, I. Gubik, M. Jek, and R.

GUSTALO, V. A.

25593 GUSTALO, B. A. Predvychislenie Gidrografov Stoka Dlya Bol'shikh
Basseynov. Trudy Kievsk. Nauch-issled Gidrol. Observatorii Ugms
USSR, Vyp. 4, 1949 S. 34-64- Bibliogr: 12 Nazv

So: Letopis' Zhurnal'nykh Statev, Vol. 34, Moskva, 1949

GUSTALYUK, V.G.; KUSAKOV, M.M.

Surface activity of petroleum and of its components. Izv. AN Kazakh.
SSR. Ser.khim.no.8:122-132 '55. (MLRA 9:4)
(Surface tension) (Petroleum research)

GUSTAV, K.

GUSTAV, K. Technology of fine ceramics. p. 203

Vol. 6, no. 8, Aug. 1956
SKLAR A KERAMIK
TECHNOLOGY
Praha, Czechoslovakia

So: East European Accession Vol. 6, no. 2, 1957

SMOLYANSKAYA, P.G.; GUSTAVINA, L.M.

Photocolorimetric detection of morphine in an opium-benzoin infusion.
Trudy Len.khim.-farm.inst. no.13:279-282 '62. (MIRA 10: 10)
(MORPHINE) (COLORIMETRY)

GUSTAVSON, Kh.A., fel'sher (Tallin)

Fel'dsher in the polyclinic. Fel'd. i akush. 26 no.3:43-45 Mr
'61. (MIRA 14:3)

(MEDICAL CARE)

USSR .

2365. ANALYTICAL DETERMINATION OF CETANE NUMBER OF DIESEL FUELS.
GUSTAVSON, P. (Arhiv Kem., 1951, vol. 23, 232-248; abstr. in Chem.
Abstr., 1954, vol. 48, 12396, 12397). A relation between the cetane
number of diesel fuels determined in a test engine and physical properties
has been found. The ignition power of twelve test fuels expressed as
cetane number k was different for the HWA (German Army Ordnance Dept.) and
the CFR engine. The HWA engine was used to determine k of twenty three
fuels with known d_{40} , n_D , specific paracher (1) and boiling number (the
sum of distillation temperatures for 5, 15, 25-95% overhead divided by
10). k was directly proportional to d and n_D , and also to k for fuels of
equal boiling number. Calibration curves are given for determining k
from the boiling number and any one of the physical constants mentioned.

C.A.

MUTAVAN, I.

"A study of a petrochemical plant." p. 1. (RE IJA U I OSTRUJI, Vol. 2, no. 1, 1953, Zagreb.)

SC: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol. 2, #8, Library of Congress
August, 1953, Uncl.

GULFAROV, B.

"A study of a petrochemical plant." p. 37. (PETROKEMIJA U FOSILNOJ SI, Vol. 1, no. 2, 1953, Zagreb.)

SC: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol. 2, #3, Library of Congress
August, 1953, Uncl.

MURAVSKY, I.

"Ammonia synthesis, coal or gas base?" p. 105. (KEMIJA I INDUSTRIJA, Vol. 1, no. 4, 1953, Zagreb.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol. 2, /8, Library of Congress
August, 1953, Uncl.

"Magnesium, rival to petroleum."

Kemija U Industriji, Zagreb, Vol 3, No 1, Jan 1954, p. 23

SO: Eastern European Accessions List, Vol 3, No 10, Oct 1954, Lib. of Congress

"Processing and refining naphtha."

Kemija U Industriji, Zagreb, Vol 3, No 1, Jan 1954, p. 23

SO: Eastern European Accessions List, Vol 3, No 10, Oct 1954, Lib. of Congress

GUSTAVIN, P.

"Synthesis of world petroleum."

Kemija U Industriji, Vol 3, No 1, Jan 1954, p. 24

SO: Eastern European Accessions List, Vol 3, No 10, Oct 1954, Lib. of Congress

GUSTIN, T.

"Technological problems of the production of ammonia. p. 3,
(KEMIJA U INDUSTRIJI, Vol. 3, No. 2/3, Feb./ Mar. 1954, Zagreb,
Yugoslavia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (MEAL), LC, Vol. 3,
No. 12, Dec. 1954, Uncl.

"Nitrophosphate or superphosphate?"

Kemijski Industriji, Zvezb, Vol 3, No 4, Apr. 1954, p. 117

SO: Eastern European Accessions List, Vol 3, No 10, Oct 1954, Lib. of Congress

GUSTAVSON, P.

GUSTAVSON, P. 4th World Petroleum Congress.

Vol. 4, No. 7, July 1955 KEMIJA U INDUSTRIJI

SO:Monthly List of East European Accessions, (SEAL), LC, Vol. 5, No.3
March, 1956

GUSTAVSON, P.

GUSTAVSON, P. Cumol, propene tetramer, and polymeric benzine from the same plant.
p. 186
Kutritan, domestic synthetic tannin. p. 188

Vol, 4, No. 9, Sept, 1955

KEMIJA U INDUSTRIJI

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), IC, Vol. 5 No. 3
March, 1956

GUSTAVSON, P.

Yugoslavia/Chemical Technology -- Chemical Products and Their Application. Nitrogen Industry, I-3

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 1, 1957, 1388

Author: Gustavson, P.

Institution: None

Title: Some Problems in the Removal of the Heat Evolved During the Synthesis of Ammonia

Original
Periodical: Kemija u industriji, 1956, Vol 5, No 1, 1-5; Croatian (summaries in German, French, and English)

Abstract: Various means of reducing the temperature in the catalyst bed during the synthesis of ammonia are discussed. The calculations which are presented show that the production of steam with the heat evolved during that reaction increases the energy consumption in the compression of the gas, hence offers no economic advantage.

Card 1/1

Gustavson, Per
Yugoslavia /Chemical Technology. Chemical Products I-2
and Their Application

Chemico-technological problems of
atomic engineering

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1957, 31206

Author : Gustavson Per

Title : Atomic Fuels and Fission Products

Orig Pub: Kemija u industriji, 1956, 5, No 10, 247-269

Abstract: A review. Raw material sources of U- and Th-
fuels, processing of fission products and use of
the latter in chemical industry and in other
branches of science and engineering. Bibliography
13 references.

Card 1/1

R. GUSTAVSON

✓ 1631. Raw materials for petrochemical industry. P. Gustavson. *Nafta* (Yugoslavia), 1978, 7 (6), 211-15. ~~Abstract~~
Feasibility of providing gaseous olefins for Yugoslav chemical industry is discussed. Sufficient quantities of propylene and butylene will be available from cat cracking plants. The production of ethylene for this purpose in a separate plant would not be profitable, as the requirements of the chemical industry are too small. (Author's abstract)

Am
JAN

GUSTAVSON, P.

Raw materials and procedures for obtaining hydrogen. p. 744.
TEHNIKA (Savaz inzenjera i techicara Jugoslavije) Beograd.
Vol. 11, no. 5, 1956

SOURCE: East Europe Accessions Lists (EEAL),
Library of Congress, Vol. 5, no. 11, Nov. 1956

YUGOSLAVIA/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their
Applications, General

H-1

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - *Khim.*, 1958, No 24, No 81323

Author : Gustavson P.

Inst : -

Title : Certain Problems Involved in the Further Chemical Develop-
ment of Yugoslavia

Orig Pub : *Kemija u industriji*, 1957, 6, No 1, 5-8

Abstract : Review. Problems involved in the present status and in the
future development of the C_2H_2 and oil refining industries,
manufacture of plastics, synthetic fibers, and of
synthetic fertilizers are covered.- Ye. Stefanovskiy

Card : 1/1

YUGOSLAVIA/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their
Application, Part 3. - Treatment of Natural Gases
and Mineral Oils, Motor and Rocket Fuel, Lubricants.

H

Abs Jour: Referat. *Zhurnal Khimiya*, No 21, 1958, 71967.

Author : Per. Gustavson.

Inst :

Title : Upon The Development of the Oil-Chemical Industry in
Yugoslavia.

Orig Pub: *Kemija u industriji*, 1957, 6, No 5, 145-149.

Abstract: It is noted that Yugoslavia is in possession of
mineral oil, natural gas, coal and other raw
materials for the organic synthesis industry. A
review of the most important synthesis products
and industry branches, in which these raw materials

Card : 1/2

AUTHOR:

Gustavson, Per., Doctor of Engineering (Zagreb) YUG/2-58-12-5/19

TITLE:

Some Questions Concerning the Establishment of the Petrochemical Industry (Neka pitanja podizanja petrokemijske industrije). III. Olefin Production (- Dobivanje olefina)

PERIODICAL:

Kemija u industriji, 1958, Nr 12, pp 319 - 329

ABSTRACT:

The author deals with the problems of olefin production, with particular reference to the prospects in Yugoslavia. The sources for deriving olefins are discussed and dismissed except for pyrolytic methods. Conditions are listed under which the production of pure olefins (ethylene, propylene, butylene) from gaseous mixtures is economically advisable, the method in each case depending on the particular olefin required and the degree of purity stipulated. Essentially, however, the petrochemical industry must be developed along the lines of hydrocarbon pyrolysis. Acetylene and "aromatic distillate", by-products of the pyrolytic process, are so much undesirable ballast and must be removed. Pyrolysis may be carried out by: 1) pipe-still method, 2) the cyclic process in chambers lined with re-

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YUG/2-58-12-5/19

Some Questions Concerning the Establishment of the Petrochemical Industry

fractory material and with regenerator heating, 3) the "moving bed" method for heavier fuels. Light fuels are preferred to heavier raw materials since they yield more gas and less by-products. Ethylene will be the main pyrolysis product, propylene and butylene being produced only in small quantities. The effects of temperature, duration of reaction and pressure on the process are discussed. Catalysts are undesirable here. The percentage yield of pyrolysis products is listed for various raw materials (propane, butane, benzene, etc). In Yugoslavia an olefin installation would need a capacity of 20,000 tons of olefins a year. The article lists the necessary amounts of the various raw materials required to guarantee this capacity. Methods of hydrocarbon pyrolysis suitable to each fuel are reviewed and their production capacities compared. On the basis of an economic analysis carried out by the Tehnološko-ekonomsko biro za kemijsku industriju (Technological-Economic Bureau for the Chemical Industry), Zagreb, the author concludes that the only practical raw materials for this purpose are: heavy benzene, fuel oil and crude petroleum. Ethylene could be extracted from

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YUG/2-58-12-5/19

Some Questions Concerning the Establishment of the Petrochemical Industry

fermentative spirit as a temporary solution to the problem. In spite of their much higher cost it would be more economical to produce olefins from the lighter raw materials. The only feasible methods are those based on refinery gas, crude petroleum or its residues, while for Yugoslavian conditions the Hoechst coking process is most suitable. Other methods are enumerated which may be made feasible by a change in the prices of raw materials. There are 8 tables and 21 references of which 2 are Yugoslavian, 2 English, 1 Dutch and 16 American.

Card 3/3

GUSTAVSON, P.

Some problems related to the establishment of petrochemical industries.
IV. Selection of the process for the synthesis of phenol.

KEMIJA U INDUSTRIJI. (Društvo kemicara-tehnologa NHR) Zagreb, Yugoslavia,
Vol. 8, no. 2, Feb. 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, no. 6,
June 1959.

Uncl.

GUSTAVSON, T.

Yugoslavia (430)

Technology

New development in the field of softeners. p. 41.
KEMIJA U INDUSTRIJI, Vol. 1, no. 2, 1952.

East European Accessions List, Library of Congress,
Vol. 1, no. 14, Dec. 1952. UNCLASSIFIED.

GUSTAW, K.

5
2 May

Electrometric adsorption analysis of certain colorless compounds. Krystyna Gustaw (Univ. Kraków, Poland). *Zeszyty Nauk. Poln. Jagiel. Ser. Nauk Mat.-Przyrod. Mat., Fiz., Chem.* No. 2, 125-50 (1956) (English summary). — Expts. are described on chromatographic sep'n on Brockmann or chem. pure Al_2O_3 or silica gel, of aromatic or oleic acids from stearic acid, and of EtOH exts. from *Belladonna* and *Datura stramonium*. EtOH-ligroine, and EtOH-ligroine-water mixts. were used as solvent and eluant. The eluate was examd. by an Sb adsorption microelectrode (cf. B. Kamiński, C.A. 51, 2418a). Acids were sepd. when dild. to 0.001M concns. Atropine was sepd. from hyoscyamine. J. Stecki

JS

WROCLAW, P.

Electrometric adsorption analysis of some colorless compounds; a thesis. n. 49.
(WIADO OSCI I E. IZZY. Vol. 11, no. 1, Jan. 1957. Wroclaw, Poland)

S0: Monthly List of East European Accessions (CZSL) 10. Vol. 2, no. 32, Dec. 1957.
Incl.

ABRAMOV, V.N., inzh.; GUSTAYTIS, B.S.

Industrial testing of a high-pressure ON-2M axial pump. Trudy
VNIIGidrougla no.4:80-85 '64. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektno-
konstruktorskiy institut dobychi uglya gidravlicheskim sposobom.

BUDNITSKAYA, R., nauchnyy sotrudnik; VAN'KEVICH, V., nauchnyy sotrudnik;
GUSTER, V., nauchnyy sotrudnik

Improve the quality of prepacked butter. Sov. targ. 33 no.8:31-33
Ag '59. (MIRA 12:11)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut trgovli i obshchestvennogo
pitaniya (NIITOP).

(Butter trade)

GUSTERIN, G. A.

"Changes in the Gastric Evacuatory Function Caused by Perigastritis of
Ulcerous Origin," Terap. arkhiv., 21, No.3, 1949.

Hosp. Therapeutic Clinic, Leningrad Pediatric Med. Inst.

GUSTERIN, G. A.

"Conference on Use of Radioactive Cobalt for Therapeutic Purposes," Vest. Rent.
1 Rad., No.5, pp 88-94, 1953

Summary W
~~Translation~~ M-31328, 30 Jun 55

GUSTERIN, G.A.

Review of the work of the conference on the treatment of erythremia
and leucoses with radioactive phosphorus. Vest. rent. 1 rad. no.4:
87-94 J1-Ag '54. (MIRA 7:10)

(ERYTHREMIA) (LEUCOSIS)
(PHOSPHORUS--THERAPEUTIC USE)

GUSTERIN, G. A.

NEYMARK, I.O., professor; GUSTERIN, G.A.

Clinical characteristics of deforming perigastritis and pathogenesis
of associated insufficiency of gastric evacuation. Terap. arkh. 26
no.2:61-68 Mr-Apr '54. (MLRA 7:8)

1. Iz gosptal'noy terapevticheskoy kliniki Leningradskogo pediatri-
cheskogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir. prof. M.E.Mandel'shtam)
(STOMACH, diseases,
*perigastritis with disord. of evacuation)

GUSTERIN, G.A.

Review of works from a conference on therapeutic use of radioactive phosphorus in skin diseases. Vest.rent. 1 md. no.3:107-111 My-Je '55. (MLRA 8:10)

(SKIN, diseases,
ther., radiophosphorus, conf.)
(PHOSPHORUS, radioactive,
ther. of skin dis.)

GUSTERIN, G.A.

"On Reactions of the Endocrine System to the Action of Ionizing Radiation," by G. A. Gusterin, Meditinskaya Radiologiya, Vol 2, No 1, Jan/Feb 57, pp 82-85

Summaries are given of approximately 24 reports on the above subject presented from 31 May to 2 June 1956 at the Conference on the Study of the Reactions of the Endocrine System to the Action of Ionizing Radiation in Leningrad, organized by the Central Scientific Research Roentgeno-Radiological Institute of the Ministry of Health USSR in conjunction with the Institute of Evolutionary Physiology of the Academy of Sciences USSR.

Examples of reports summarized follow: "Reaction of Some Endocrine Organs to General Single and Repeated Irradiation With Radioactive Cobalt From an External Source," "Morphological Changes of Endocrine Glands in Radiation Injuries," "On the Causes of the Disturbance of the Estrus Cycle in Mice Subjected to X-Irradiation," and "On the Effect of Steroid Estrogen Hormones on Radiosensitivity." (U)

SUM. 1345

POBEDINSKIY, M.N., prof., red.; GUSTERIN, G.A., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik;
STRASHININ, A.I., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; PELESHUK, P.S.,
tekhn.red.

[Fortieth anniversary of the Central Radiological Research
Institute of the Ministry of Public Health of the U.S.S.R.]
40 let TSentral'nogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo rentgeno-
radiologicheskogo instituta Ministerstva zdavookhraneniia
SSSR. Pod red. M.N.Pobedinskogo, G.A.Gusterina i A.I.Strashinina. Leningrad, 1958. 193 p. (MIRA 13:1)

1. Leningrad. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy rentgeno-
radiologicheskii institut.
(LENINGRAD--RADIOLOGY, MEDICAL)

POBEDINSKIY, M.N.; GUSTERIN, G.A.; STRASHININ, A.I.

Conference of the Central Roentgen and Radiological Research
Institute of the Ministry of Public Health of the U.S.S.R. to
discuss problems in medical radiology. Med.rad. 4 no.1:87-91
Ja '59. (MIRA 12:2)

(RADIOLOGY, MEDICAL)

GUSTERIN, G.A.

Work of a meeting on radiobiology and the physics of ionizing
radiations, held in Leningrad. Med.rad. 4 no.2:87-91 F '59.
(MIRA 12:4)

(RADIOBIOLOGY--CONGRESSES)

GUSTERIN, G.A.

Leningrad city-wide conference on medical radiology. Med.rad.
(MIRA 12:8)
4 no.6:95-96 Je '59.
(RADIOLOGY, MEDICAL)

GUSTERIN, G.A.

On trends in the development of scientific studies on certain current problems in radiobiology. Med.rad. 4 no.11:92-95 N '59.

(RADIOLOGY)
(BIOLOGY)

(MIRA 13:2)

POBEDINSKIY, Mikhail Nikolayevich, prof., red.; GUSTERIN, Georgiy
Adrianovich, red.; STRASHININ, Aleksandr Ivanovich, red.;
PELESHUK, P.S., tekhn.red.

[Problems in clinical radiology; transactions of the Central
Research Institute of Medical Radiology] Voprosy klinicheskoi
radiologii; trudy TSentral'nogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo
instituta meditsinskoi radiologii Ministerstva zdravookhraneniia
SSSR. Pod red. M.N.Pobedinskogo, G.A.Gusterina i A.I.Strashinina.
Leningrad, 1960. 321 p.
(MIRA 14:3)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut meditsinskoy
radiologii.
(RADIOLOGY, MEDICAL)

CIA-RDP86-00513R000617620017-1

SOV/5435

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

Kiselev, P. N., Professor, G. A. Gusterin, and A. I. Strashinin, Eds.
Voprosy radiobiologii. t. III: Sbornik trudov, posvyashchenny 60-letiyu so
dnya rozhdeniya Professora M. N. Pobedinskogo (Problems in Radiation Biology.
v. 3: A Collection of Works Dedicated to the Sixtieth Birthday of Professor
Mikhail Nikolayevich Pobedinskiy [Doctor of Medicine]) Leningrad.
Tsentr. n-issl. in-t med. radiologii M-va zdravookhraneniya SSSR, 1960.
422 p. 1,500 copies printed.

Tech. Ed.: P. S. Peleshuk.

PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for radiobiologists.
COVERAGE: The book contains 49 articles dealing with pathogenesis, prophylaxis,
and therapy of radiation diseases. Individual articles describe investigations
of the biological effects of radiation carried out by workers of the Central
Scientific Research Institute for Medical Radiology of the Ministry of Public
Health, USSR. [TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut meditsinskoy
radiologii Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR] during 1958-59. The following

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topics are covered: various aspects of primary effects of radiation; the course of some metabolic processes in animals subjected to ionizing radiation; reactions in irradiated organisms; morphologic changes in radiation disease; and reparation and regeneration of tissues injured by irradiation. Some articles give attention to the effectiveness of experimental medical treatments. No personalities are mentioned. References accompany almost all of the articles.

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